

Hybridization update – batteries in OSVs

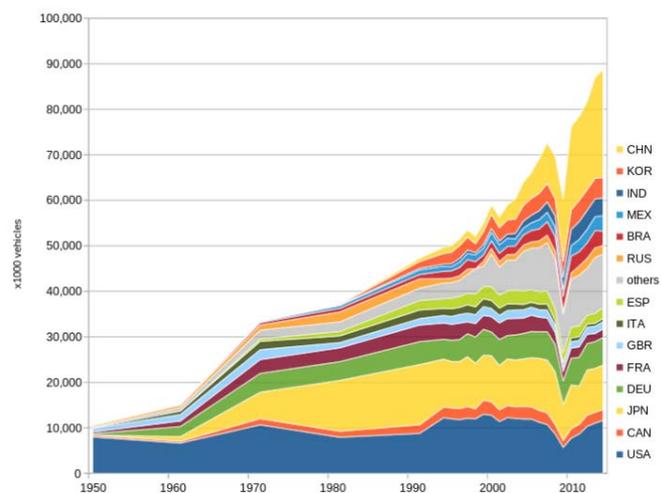
The Marina Bay Sands
Singapore, 19-20 April, 2016

Offshore Vessel
& Rig Connect
Asia

A.Eknes, Segment director Offshore Service Vessels
20 April 2016

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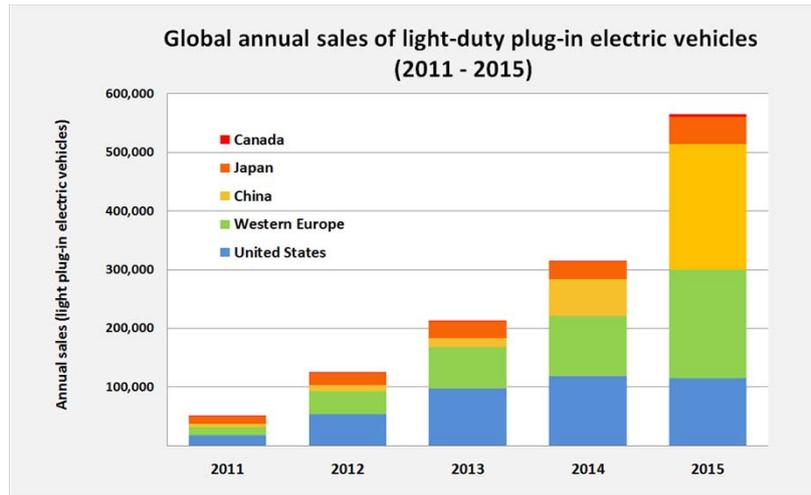
Number of vehicles (all types) produced per year world wide



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Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Automotive_industry#By_year / www.oica.net

Global sales of plug-in electric vehicles



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Illustration: Wikimedia / [Mariordo \(Mario Roberto Durán Ortiz\)](#)



Tesla Model S P85D – Ludicrous mode: 0-100 km/h in 2.8 seconds
100% battery powered, reach about 500km in one charging

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Our concern:
To safeguard the vessel & her crew
- when operating in realistic offshore environment



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Batteries for offshore vessels:

Background and motivation

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Reliability of vessel systems during offshore operations

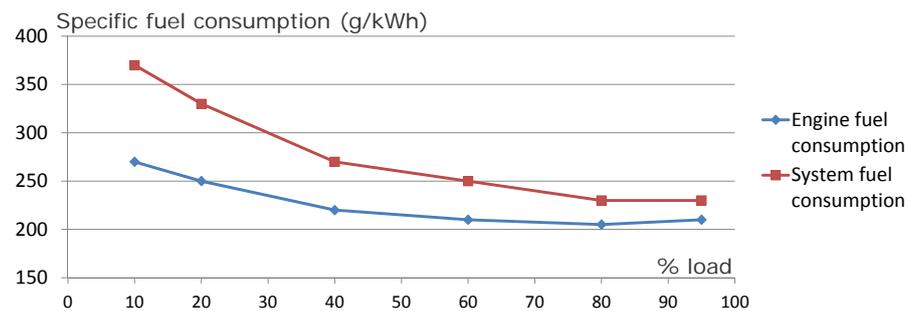
Availability is key



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Engine utilisation for electric generator sets

Good and practical system, but also large potential for improvement

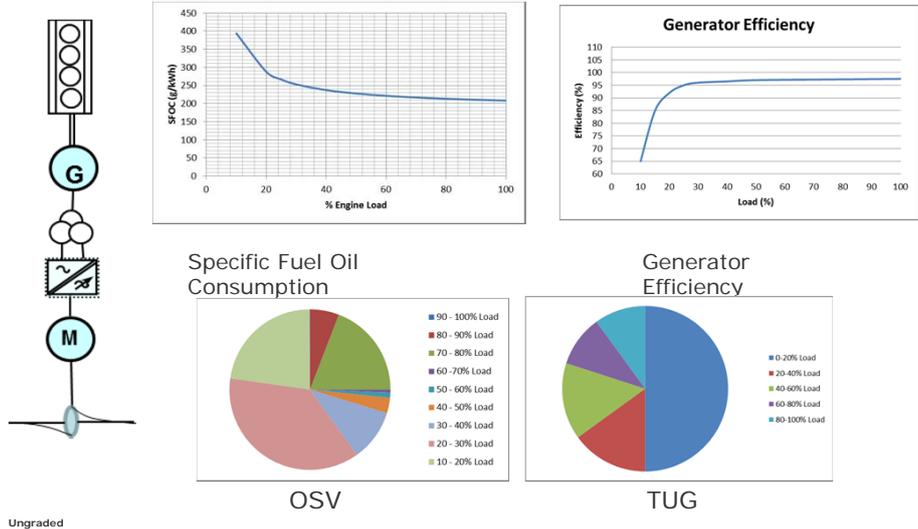


Engines and systems in offshore vessels operates at low load during:
DP, Waiting/idling, Port stay

Excessive engine wear and tear
Increased fuel consumption
Increased emissions to air

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Hybrid Ships - Running energy system on optimal loads



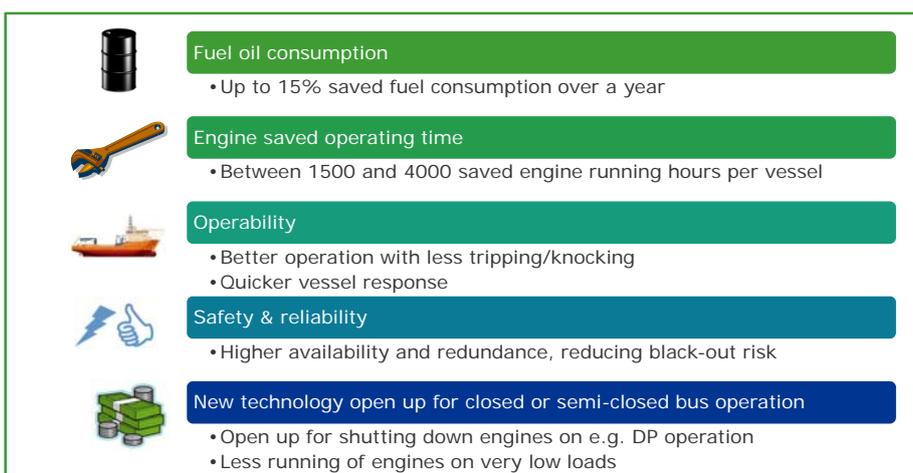
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Lessons from ongoing hybridisation projects: Benefits for CHARTERER and for OWNER



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Short intro to battery technology

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The build up of a battery package

Cell



Module



Rack



*Dictionary – ‘Battery’:
Any large group or series of
related things:
“a battery of questions”*

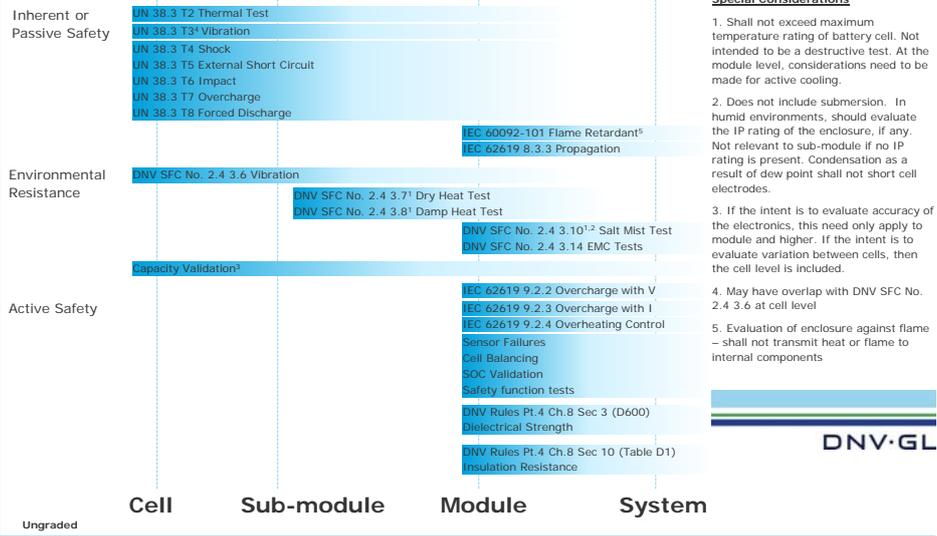
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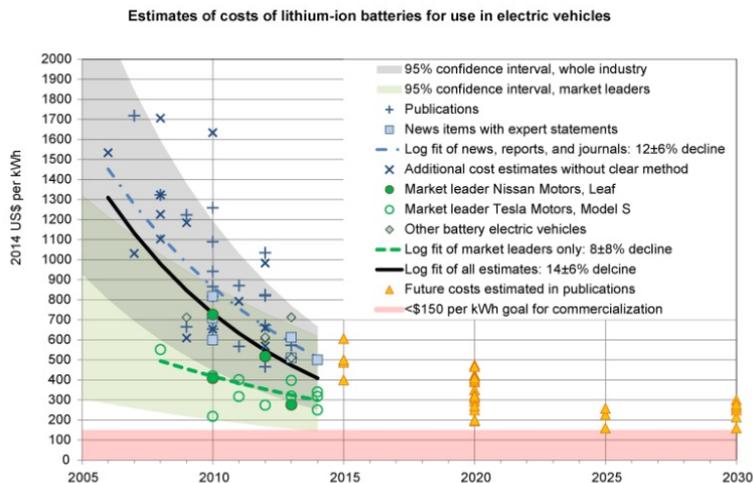
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The Path to Class approval: what tests to do at what level

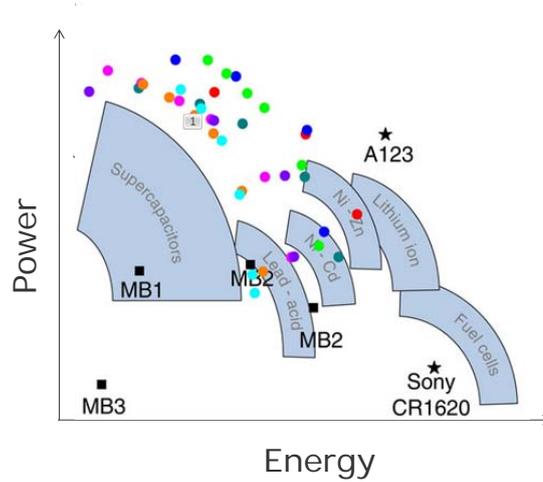


Battery costs are dropping as production volumes increases

Batteries have dropped in price by some 60–70% in the past four years



Key questions: How much power, and for how long ?



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Power and energy density for modern Li-ion batteries

Chemistry	Thermal Stability	Energy Density	Power Density	Max C-Rate
Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePO ₄)	Very good	Low 50-130 Wh/kg	High > 1000 W/kg	> 20
Lithium Manganese Oxide (LMO)	Good	Moderate 100-180 Wh/kg	Moderate 160-720 W/kg	8
Lithium Nickel Cobalt Manganese (NCM or NMC)	Good	Moderate 130-170 Wh/kg	Good 480-800 W/kg	10
Lithium Cobalt Oxide LiCoO ₂ (LCO)	Moderate	Moderate 40-200 Wh/kg	Moderate 130-380 W/kg	4
Lithium Titanate (LTO)	Very good	Low 40-90 Wh/kg	High 700-1300 W/kg	10
Ultracapacitors	Good	Very Low ~1-10 Wh/kg	Very High ~10,000 W/kg	100

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DNVGL activities – including lessons learned

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Overview – some DNVGL activity areas within battery solutions DNVGL invested in battery technology through acquisitions and R&D



Research and Development

Full scale demonstration project

- Classification, risk analysis, safety issues, environmental analysis
- Modelling and simulation
- Monitoring and measurements during operation



Large Test shops for commercialisation

Test, inspections and certification laboratory

- Providing independent test facility
- Battery and energy storage R&D, consultancy
- More than 23 mill.USD invested in partnership with New York state



Tools and software for advisory services

Life time and reliability issues analysed

- The tools are developed from lab tests
- Unique and independent third party tools for hybrid and battery systems
- Cover a wide array of battery types

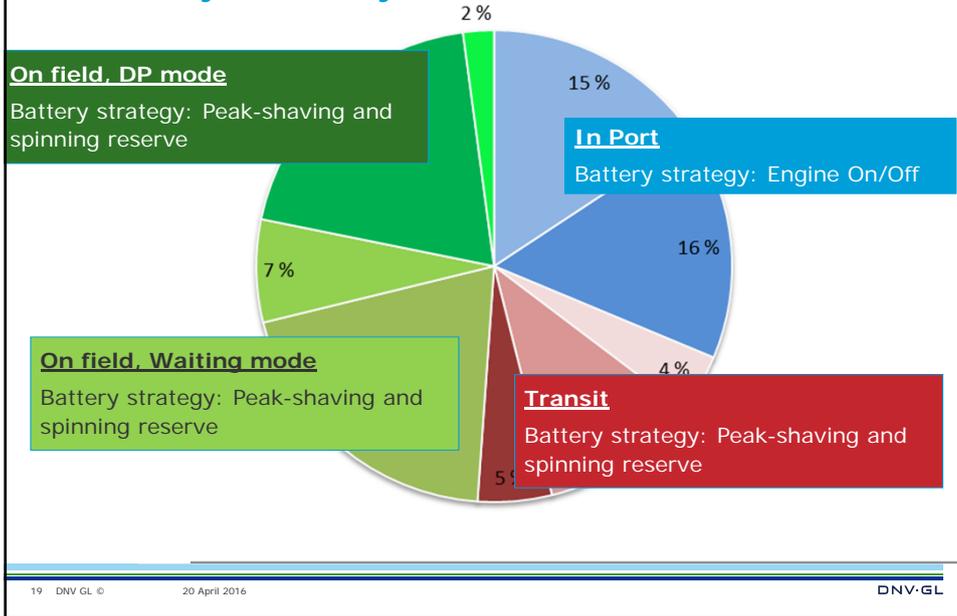
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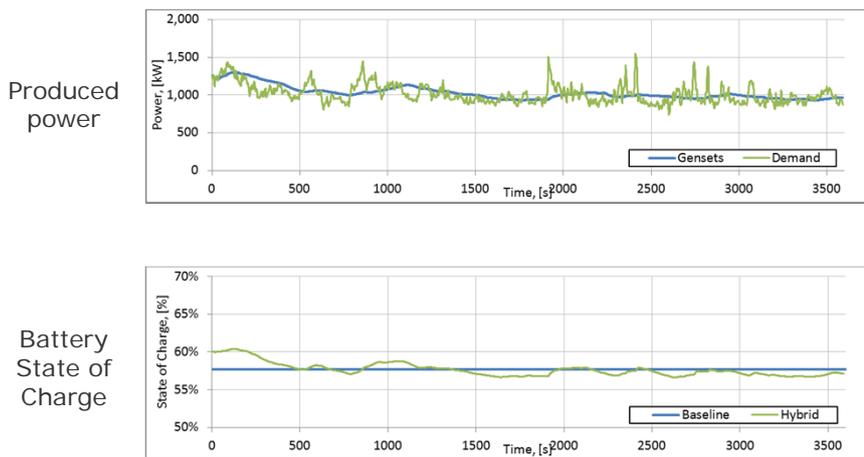
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Now let's get aboard:
- How may the battery be used?

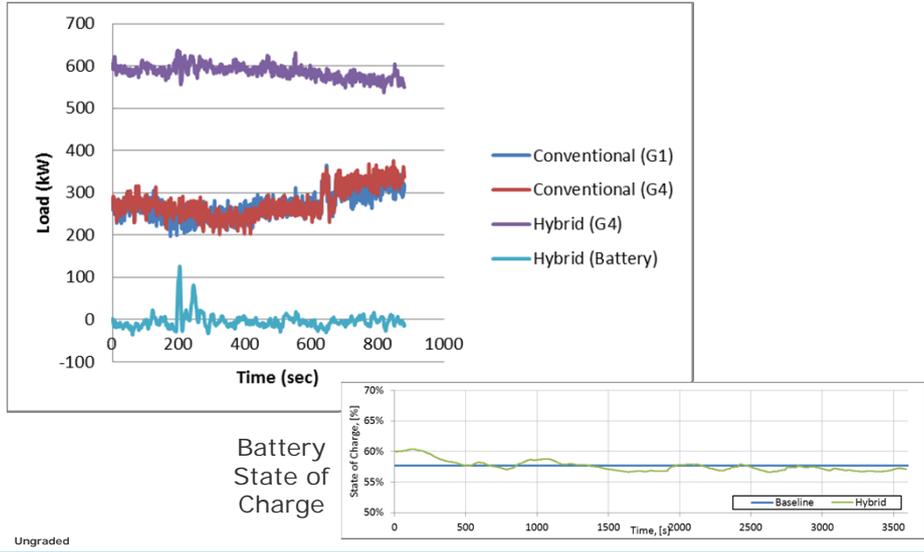


Peak-shaving strategy example



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Spinning Reserve



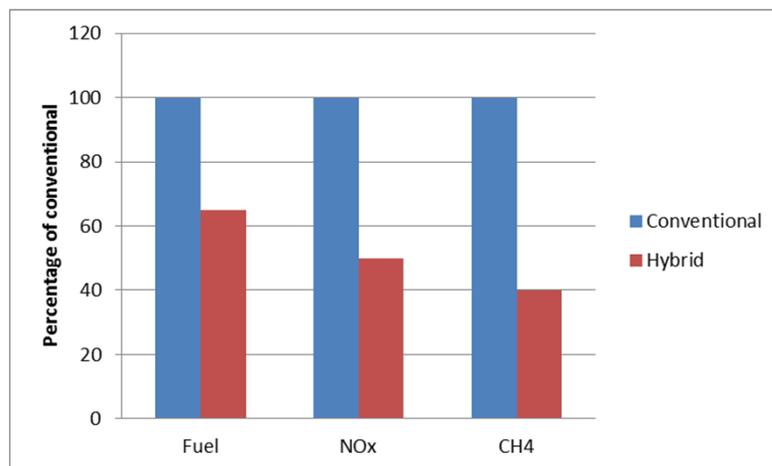
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Measured fuel saving - Spinning Reserve



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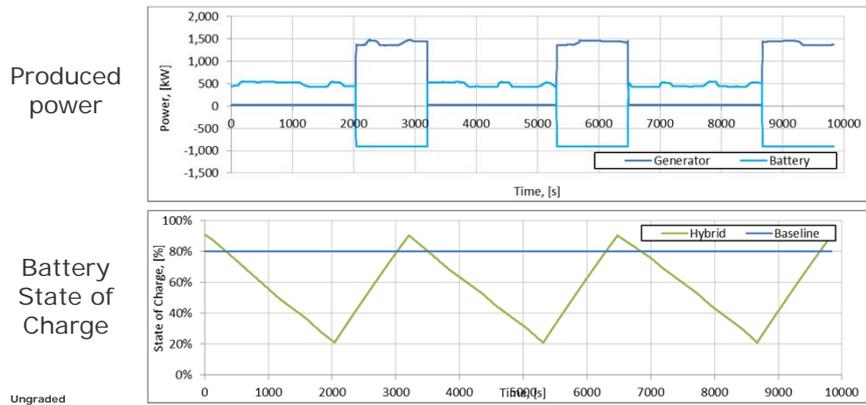
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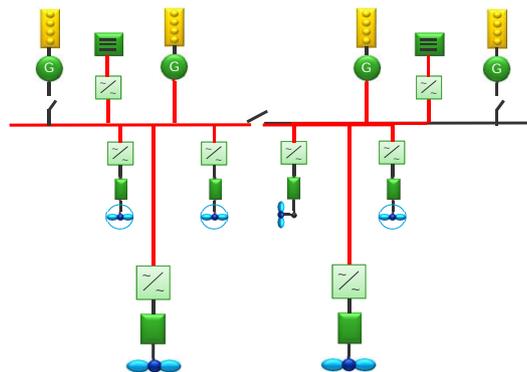
ON/OFF strategy example

The battery is covering ALL the loads until it is discharged.

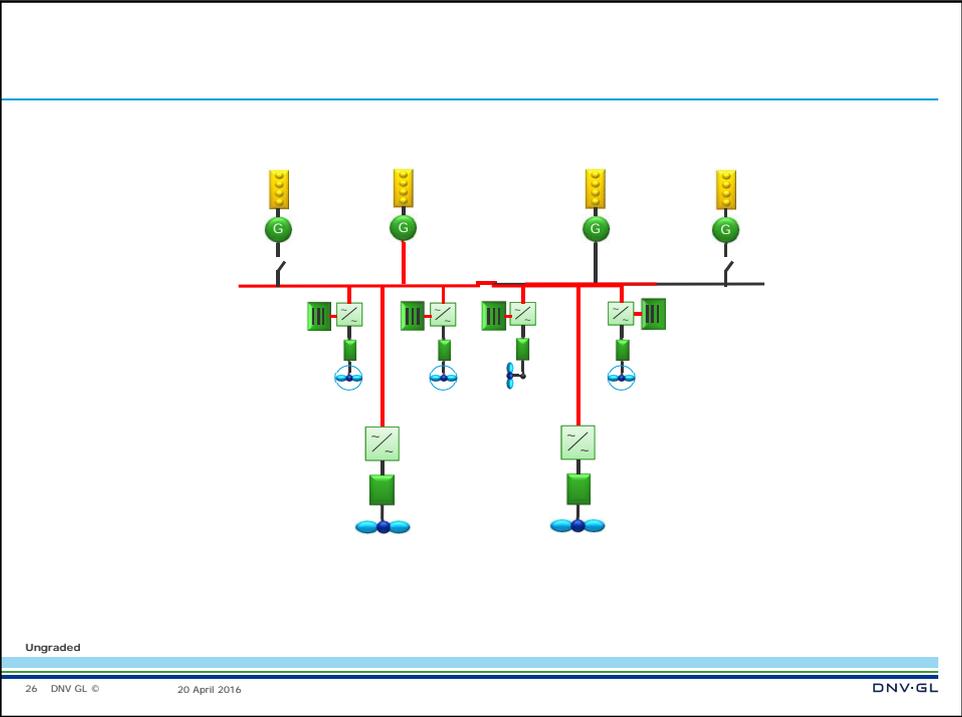
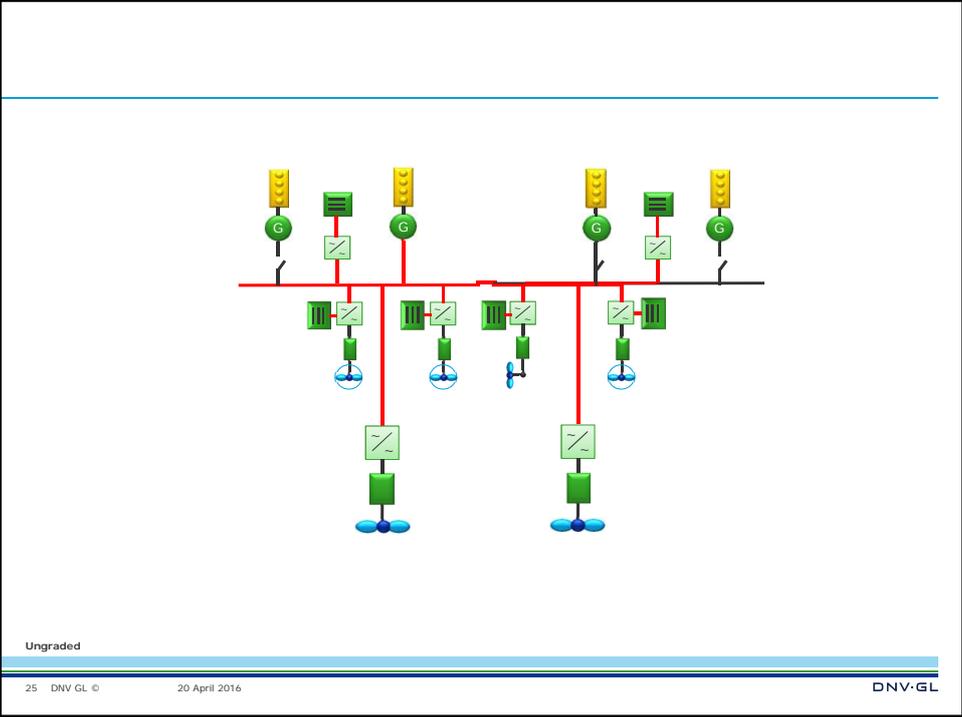
Whereafter the gen-set is covering the load and charging the battery.



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Classification Rules and safety considerations

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DNV GL Rules for Battery Power, launched January 2016

The requirements cover:

- Battery systems used for propulsion and for efficiency improvements
- Requirements for:
 - Certification of the batteries
 - Documentation req's
 - Battery space req's including ventilation, fire safety
 - Battery Management System (control system)
 - Electrical system issues
 - Battery deterioration

Class notations

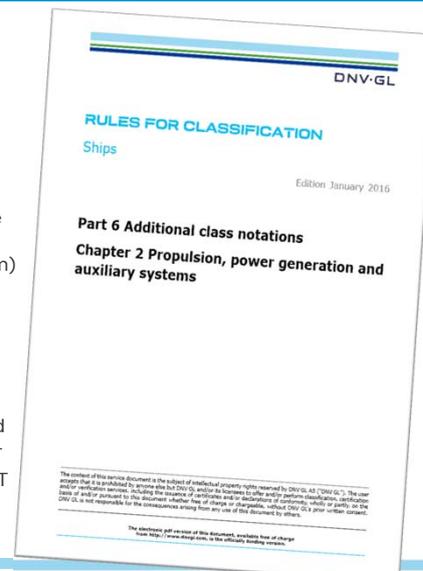
- **'BATTERY POWER'** - where batteries are used for propulsion or as redundant source of power
- **'BATTERY SAFETY'** - where the battery is NOT used for propulsion (such as for peak-shaving)

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New DNVGL Rules for DP, introduced October 2015: Opens up for use of batteries as «spinning reserve»

- Introduced in DNV GL DP rules, October 2015
- DP philosophy and minimum time requirement is important
- Battery Power notation is required
- Need reliable energy management and monitoring
- Implement in the consequence analysis

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More info on our internet resource center for Battery/Hybrid: «Battery and Hybrid Ship Service» at dnvgl.com



DNV GL rules for battery classification
Class notations battery safety and battery power



DP Rules



Class type approval
Lithium batteries



Maritime battery systems introduction course
Learn more



Battery/Hybrid ships - a new green business case?
Register for the PDF presentation held at Non-Shipping 2015



Seatrade award for DNV GL-classed e-ship Ampere
Read the press release



Battery Ready flyer
2 pages (PDF, 1MB)



Battery XT flyer
Battery system sizing and design life verification (PDF, 2MB)



Hybrid-electric Propulsion Systems flyer
2 pages (PDF)



Economy for hybrid ships
Business case information (PDF)



BEST test and commercialisation centre brochure
Promoting a clean energy society through innovative energy storage technologies (PDF, 1MB)



The ReVolt - a new inspirational ship concept
Watch the video



A blueprint for green shipping
Read the article in our Maritime Impact issue 02-15



Green coastal shipping article
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Maritime battery forum
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Research blog
Get your hybrid cranes now!



DNV GL partner zone on The Guardian website
Five futuristic projects that could transform our coastlines

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Practical examples of battery and hybrid systems

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RoPax and ferries Battery size typical 1-3 MWh



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Photo courtesy of Corvus Energy

Smaller ferries and harbour vessels

Battery size typical 0.5-1 MWh



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Photo courtesy of Corvus Energy

Tug and OSV



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Photo courtesy of Corvus Energy

Yachts and special purpose vessels
battery size typical 0.5 – 1 MWh



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Photo courtesy of Corvus Energy

DNV GL Classed vessels with batteries under construction



Edda Freya (new build)
Battery Hybrid
Owner: Østensjø



Viking Queen (retrofit)
Battery Hybrid
Owner: Eidesvik



New build 126 Havyard
Battery Hybrid
Owner: Fafnir Offshore



Viking Energy (retrofit)
Battery Hybrid
Owner: Eidesvik



New build Söby
Battery Power
Owner: Ærø Community

Seasight (new build)
Battery Hybrid
Owner: Brødrene Aa



New build P310 Crist
Battery Hybrid
Owner: Finnferries



New build 372 Kleven
Battery Hybrid
Owner: ABB AB



OV Bøkfjord (New build)
Battery Hybrid
Owner: Kystverket



Grieg Star (retrofit)
Battery Hybrid
Owner: Grieg Star



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Global impact for a safe and sustainable future

*Battery and Hybrid Ship Service
at www.dnvgl.com*

For more info – please contact:

tomas.tronstad@dnvgl.com

+47 936 50 766

arnstein.eknes@dnvgl.com

+47 948 66 883

www.dnvgl.com

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